ATRUE

TESTIMONY

FOR

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AND FOR

His Sacred LAW.

Being a Plain, Honest,

DEFENCE

OF THE

First Commandment of God.

AGAINST

All the Trinitarians under Heaven.

By EDWARD ELWALL. K

Thou shalt have no other Gods but me. It is time for the Lord to Work, for they have made void thy Law. Psalms 119. 126.

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Mary Veott A True

Testimony for God

AND FOR HIS

Holy LAW.

BEING

A plain, honest DEFENCE of the Ten Commandments of GOD.

Which either ignorantly, or wilfully, in whole, or in part, are generally Broken. Mangled or Difregarded, by almost all Denominations of Men under the Sun, both Professors and Prophane; to the Dishonour of God, to the Disgrace of Religion, and the Destruction of many both here, and for ever hereafter.

It is time for thee, Lord, to work : for they have made wold thy Law. plalm cxix. 116.

I will speak thy Testimonies also before Kings, and will not be ashamed, psalm cxis. 46.

Thus have ye made the Commandment of God of none effect, by your Tradition; but in vain do ye worship me, teaching for Doctrines the Commandments of Men. Matth. xv. 9.

THE

DEDICATION.

To all bonest humble Men and Women, of what Denomination sovver you be, that fear the only living and true God, and love him with all your Heart, your Soul and Strength, and your Neighbours as your felves, and who long, and wait and pray for the inward Spiritual Leadings and Teachings of the Son of God, even the Bleffed Jesus, whom God the Father bath anointed with Power, and Sanctified and Sent into the World, that the World thro' him might be faved; and that be may redeem you, and bring you out from under the Power of Satan, and the Dominion of Sin, and worfe than Egyptian Dorkness and Bondage, into the glorious Light and Liberty, Dominion and Kingdom of the Sons and Daughters of God, under the Government and Conduct of the great Captain of our Salvation, Christ Jefus the To all fuch as will deny themselves, and take up the Cross and follow Christ, in keeping the Ten Commandments of God, as he did, and taught us to do, according to the utmost of our Ability and Reliance upon him. To all Juch pious fincere Souls I recommend thefe Lines, praying from the bended Knees of my Heart, that the Glory of God my be magnified, the Honour of Christ may be advanc'd and extended and many Souls edified and instructed in the Knowledge of God, and Obedience to his Holy Law.

Wolverhampton, 8th Day, 2d Month, 1724.

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T is doubtless the Duty of eyery rational Man and Woman under Heaven, to acquaint themselves with what is the Mind and Will of God in all Things fo far as they

can know it, and to take all due Pains to inform their Judgments by all natural and reveald Religion, and then fall into the

Obedience thereof.

Now the very Light of Nature teacher us that there is one supreme Being of a Beings, who is the first Caule of all other Beings. To deny this, is to fall into all the Abfurdities of Darkness in the World. For the natural Ideas that we have of God is, that he is unoriginate, independent, omniscient and self-existent. Now to suppole any other Person (even our Lord Jesus Christ, who wants the above Qualities) to be the most high God, is a direct and plain Contradiction to the Light of Nature, and an offering Violence to our Realon; nave

Reason; because he has not those Perfections, therefore cannot be the most high God. And when we come to consult with reveal'd Religion, As our good God, who at sundry Times and in divers Manners spake to the Fathers by the Prophets, hath in these last Days spoken to us by his Son, whom he hath appointed Heir of all Things, by whom also he created the Worlds, so this reveal'd Religion runs consonant with natural Religion, and teacheth us nothing that is contrary to Reason, but always what is agreeable to the highest Degrees of it, and altho it may teach us many Things that are above or beyond it, yet no Man can wound Religion more, than to say, that it teacheth any Thing contrary to Reason.

It is observable that the first Words we dealer the revealed Paling of the contrary to Reason.

it is observable that the first Words we have in revealed Religion run thus, viz. In the Beginning God created the Heaven and the Earth, Gen. 1. 1. And God faid, let there be Light, and there was Light. This gives us the same Idea of the one supreme God, as the Light of Nature doth, and whatever Agent or Instruments God made Use of at the Creation, whether Spirit or Angels, we are sure God created all things by Jesus Christ; and if so, then certainly Jesus Christ is not the most high God. For what Nonsense would it be to say, God created all things by God. No, no, have

have we not all one Father ? hath not one God ereated us? Malachy ii. 10. and this one God is the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ; therefore he that has a God and a Father, cannot be that God and Father, but must needs be another. And that he is another, is manifest from John v. 32. There is another that beareth Witnesi of me : And in the 37th Verse our Lord's own Words are thefe : And the Father himfelf, which hath fent me, bath born Witnefa of me. He doth not tell us; my divine Nature fent my humane Nature; the Scripture knows no fuch Terms : But the true Faith which Christ would have all his Followers believe was this, viz. that he was the anointed Son of God, the Christ, the great Prophet that was foretold, the Mellias, and that God Almighty fent him. And that every fincere Christian may be fully fatisfy'd in the Truth of this, let him read the Discourse of Christ with his Disciples, viz. whom fay Men that I am? some fay John Baptist, some say Elias, &c. but Says Christ, whom say ye that I am? Obferve the Question and the Answer. Simon Peter answered and said, thou art Christ the Son of the living God. We may be fure this was the true Faith by the Answer our Lord returns, Matt. xvi. 16, 17. 18. Bleffed art thou, Simon Barjona; for Flesh and

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and Blood bath not revealed it unto thee, but my Father which is in Heaven. Here it is plain Peter makes a manifest Difference between God and Christ, never calling him God himself, but only Christ the Son of the living God as he tells in Ads ii. 22. Te Men of Ifrael, bear thefe Words: Fefus of Nazareth, a Man approved of God among you by Miracles, and Wonders and Signs. which God did by him in the midft of your, as wivour felves also knowed These plain honest Disciples they deliver'd Truth as they had received it from their Lord, but never a Word of God the Son, nor of God the Holy Ghoft, nor of the fecond Person in the Trinity, nor of the third Person in the Trinity, nor of three Perfons but one God. nor of co-equal co-eternal co-effential. Thefe are Terms fitter for Conjurers than Christians, for to Suppose the most high God, the holy one of Ifrael, to confift of a Plurality of Persons, is one of the most abfurd irrational Doctrines in the whole World: because it is directly contrary to the first Commandment of God, viz.

Thou shalt have no other Gods but me.

Not me, me, me, nor we three; but Thou shalt have no other Gods but me.

I repeat this first Commandment, be-cause the grand Design of my Heart is, to defend the ten Commandments, which God gave forth with his own immortal Voice, in fuch a wonderful miraculous manner, as no Law was ever given before nor ever fince, and which alone was put into the Ark of God, where never any ceremonial Law ever came; and therefore if all the Emperors and Kings, Popes and Prelates, Priests and Preachers under Heaven, do tell me the ten Commandments of God are abrogated or destroy'd, I fhall account them as Lyars, and the Truth not in them? for I know full well that all the aforesaid Persons are but as Grass-hoppers in Comparison of that God with whom I have to do, and because I have not only the Prophets on my Side, but also the great Prophet Christ-Jesus, to support my Opinion. To the Law and to the Testimony, if they speak not according to this Word, it is because there is no Light in them. Ifa. viii. 20. Think not that I am come to destroy the Law. or the Prophets, Lam not come to defroy, but to fulfill: For verily I say unto you, tilk Heaven and Earth pals, one fot or one Tittie shall in no wife pals from the Law, till all be fulfilled. Whosoever therefore shall break ous of these least Commandments, and stalt

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teach Men fo, be shall be called least in the Kingdom of Heaven; but who foever shall do, and teach them, the same shall be called great in the Kingdom of Heaven, Matt. v. 17, 18, 19. Here the bleffed Jesus, who was fent of God, is not speaking of the ceremonial Law, but is certainly speaking of the ten Commandments, as is evident by his mentioning feveral of them, and illuftrating upon them. And now I do humbly intreat every fincere Lover of Truth, who earnestly desires to know the Mind and Will of God, and to obey it, and in the pure Spirit of Truth, to aik himself this plain Question in the Fear and Dread of God, Whether thou oughtest to believe the God of Truth, who hath faid, Thou halt have no other Gods but me, or they that fay, the one God is three diffinct Persons? God Almighty faith, To whom will ye liken me, or shall I be equal, faith the boly One? Ifa. xl. 25. but the fallacious Catechisms of Men tell us of two other distinct Persons equal in Power and Glory to God the Father. Christ says, Hear, O Israel, the Lord thy God is one Lord. Mark xii. 29. and as our Lord prayed to his God and heavenly Father, thus he faid, This is Life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom thou baft fent, John xvii. 3. It is worthy of a DIOUS.

pious Christian's Observation to fee how careful our Lord always is in giving the Glory to his Father; for when wicked Men were accusing him with making himfelf equal with God, he answers them, the Son can do nothing of himself, John v. 13, 19, 30. as much as if he had faid, I am fo far from making my felf equal with God. that (the Son speaking of himself in the highest Sense) I can do nothing of my own self; shewing that their Charge against him was as falfe as it was groundlefs. as to the third Person, call'd the Holy Ghost, he is never so much as once call'd God in the Scriptures any where directly, neither are we any where required to pay Adoration to the Holy Ghoft at all; and therefore as a distinct Person he cannot be the most high God, but one that is fent by God, and ministers to his holy Will.

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It is easy to prove this from John xvi.

13, where it is evident to a Demonstration, that the holy Spirit is a dependent Being, and one that attends as an Agent on the Father's Will; for when our Lord had told his Disciples that he would pray the Father; and says, if I depart, I will send the Comforter unto you, John 16. 7. and 13. Howbeit when he, the Spirit of Truth is come, he will guide you into all Truth; for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall

hear, that shall be speak. From hence it is manifest he is not God himself, but even inferiour to Jesus Christ, and sent by him: and if a Man will read to the End of the Chapter and the next to it, he may fee that whatever Honour or Glory, or Power, or Dominion our Lord had, he received all from God the Father; God was the Donor, Christ was the Receiver: And to Suppose the Holy One of Ifrael, to consist of a Plurality of Persons, three, or fix, or ten, is as monstrous every Jot as that of Transubstantiation; and the former no better to be defended than the latter, but are both as void of Scripture as they are of Reason, and directly contrary to the first Commandment of God, Thou shalt bave no other Gods but me.

When I first seriously consider'd of it, I thought those two Doctrines of Trinity and Transubstantiation were Twins; but I soon found them to be the Mother and the Daughter, and am perswaded, that had the Mother never been born, the Daughter had never had a Being; and tho' it is strange that here in England the Younger should die before the Elder, yet it is certain she now begins to grow very weak and sickly; and tho' most of the Orthodox abroad do, by the Help of the Inquisition in Spain and Italy, keep them both

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oth alive and warm still, yet there is uch a Northern Herefy on this Side George's Channel, wh re the Peoples Backs are not so much gall d with Priests, as in those hot Countries, that were it not for ome warm fat Benefices, the Mother would oon grow as cold and chill as the Daughter: And foine very clear-headed eminent Christians do think, that the most sincere honest Part of our Nation will soon see he Hurt or Hindrance that those two rrational Doctrines have done to Propagation of the Christian Religion; is whofoever reads Dr. Caufabon's Letter may with Sorrow be convinc'd of, with our first Reformers had taken faither Steps than they did, and searched higher up, till they had found a divine Original or Author for all their Doct ines and Artiles of Faith; but instead of doing fo. ind going up to the Fountain Head, they went up but little farther than some geneal Councils, in many things whereof hey had corrupted themselves, and foul'd and muddy'd the Stream very muh; for t is well known to impartial Readers in Antiquity, who will speak honestly and ruly, that Athanasius, and many of those Fathers who liv'd about that Century, were a Pack of angry, proud, ignorant Men, and were continually quarrelling B and

and cuffing, and perfecuting one another and feem to have but little, if any of th meek and humble Spirit of the bleffed Je fus among them: Nay, they feem to b full as void of Charity as they were o Peace, and it is well if they were not i a great Measure departed from the pur Spirit which first influenc'd the holy Apo files, and fallen into Pride, Formality an Covetousness; otherwise how came the to break the ten Commandments of God and tomangle and trample upon them, a if God had never spoke them, nor hi Finger never wrote them? God faid Thou shalt have no other Gods but me. N me, me, me, nor we three; but they far God Almighty is three. Again, God fay Thou halt not make to thy felf any grave Image, &c. but they make many a Hun dred, if not Thousands upon Thousand God fays, Thou shalt not bow down to then Ac. but they not only bow down t them, but kits them. All the Patriarch and Prophets of the living God, who ha fuch extraordinary Favour with God, to hear his Voi e and fee his Glory, you all of them abhorr'd the Notion of a Ple rality of Persons, but always address to him as one fingle Person, O Thou And just so the Son of God, Jesus Chris noth teach us, when we pray, fay, Our Fo the T;

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ther which art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name, thy Kingdom come, &c. In short, all the Church of God for above four thoufand Years, knew nothing at all of this wild Doctrine of a Plurality in God; and bur bleffed Lord himfelf frequently gives us plain and positive Affirmations in express Words, that it is impossible for any to father that lying Doctrine on him, who told us, My Father is greater than I. John xiv. 28. Now if any Man should say, that God the Father is not greater than Christ the Son, he makes him a Lyar; and to avoid this, they are forced to fly to their common Shift, and fay, the human Nature was not fo great as God: But what a grand Impertinency doth this caft pon our Lord, as if he should tell his Disciples that God was greater than the human Nature, which the most ignorant Disciple need not be told, but knew full well; therefore it is certain he spoke of pimfelf in the highest Sense that he could: for whatsoever pre-existent Nature our Lord had, he was but one Person, that is, Christ Jesus the Lord, whom God hath ppointed to be Judge of all the World. But our Lord's own Words give us a full Demonstration that he is not the most high God. In speaking of the Destruction of Jerusalem, and of the Day of Judg-B 2 ment?

ment, he says thus: But of that Day, and of that Hour, knoweth no Man, no, not the Angels which are in Heaven, neither the South the Father, Mark xiii. 32. But my Father only, as it is in Matt. xxiv. 36.

Here the Trinitarians are utterly cut of from their common Subterfuge of the human Nature; for by the very Gradation of the Words, it is fully manifest that our ble sense; for he first tells us, no Man know eth it; then he goes higher, not the Angels that are in Heaven; and then, neither the Son, but the Father only knew that Day. By which it is evident the Son of God is not omniscient, but the Father only; for every Exception of a Perfection is a Limitation, and a limited Being simite, and not infinite.

Besides, our Lord Christ is not a unoriginate Being, but begotten, and derives his Original from the Father, John i. 14, 18. And he that derives his Being from another, cannot be the most hig God; and he that will not banish his Reason, but will make Use of it to the Glory of that God who gave it, will own the Truth, and confess with the Holy Apostle Paul, that there is but one God and one Mediator between God and Man, the Man Christ Jesus, who gave himself a Ramford

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fom for all, to be teffified in due Time, 1. Tim. ii. 5. 6. Here any honest Enquirer after Truth may observe, that he who gave himself a Ransom for all Men, was the Man Christ Jesus the Lord, who reconciled us to God by his own Death. Rom. v. 10. Now as God cannot, nor did not die, so it is certain Christ Jesus is not supreme God, for he did die; and God raised him from the Dead, not his pretended divine Nature raifed his human Nature. that is an Invention of the Trinitarians. which the Scripture abhors, as it doth their mad fallacious Doctrine of infinite Satisfaction, another Daughter of the old Mother: For Transubstantiation has more Sifters than many good Menare yet aware of, and I am affured in the Spirit of Jesus Christ witnessing in me to the Truth of God's holy Word, that both these Broods. and some others (as the Change of the Sab. bath) sprung, and were hatch'd originally with all their Jargon and incoherent Nonfense, from that monstrous, unscriptural, vain, and irrational Doctrine, which maketh the most high God, the holy one of Israel, to confift of a Plurality of Persons; than which there is nothing in the World more inconfistent and contrary to the first Commandment of God, viz. Thou halt have no other Gods but me.

And

And directly contrary to the Words of Christ, Hear, O Israel, the Lord thy God is one Lord. To him be Glory in the Church by Christ Jesus, throughout all Ages, World

without End, Amen. E.b. iii. 21.

What a grand Absurdity is it to suppose that one Infinite can make Satisfaction to another Infinite? Or would it not plainly infer that there are two Infinites, one of which has no Satisfaction made yet at all? whereas if he be the most high God, one would think he should have Satisfaction also.

See whether Mens Inventions will carry them: For they represent God the Father as inexorable, his Justice must be satisfy'd, and all the full Debt paid down, and would not bate a Farthing of it. Nay, some of them are so vain as to say surther, that Justice can no more remit the least Farthing, than it can cease to be: And that Justice not being satisfied, Justice is not done, and that is Injustice.

Thus, when Men lay the Reins on the Neck of their Inventions, and depart from Scripture and Reason, they would limit the hely One, and deprive him of his eternal Right to pardon where, and when, and whom he pleaseth. O what a Reflection too doth it cast upon the merciful, gracious God, who is the Fountain of God!

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But let us return to the bleffed Jefus. and ice what he faith in this Matter; he is always giving the Glory to hisheavenly Father, and fo he doth here; For God fo loved the World, that he gave his only begotten Son, that who soever believed in bim should not perill, but have everlafting Life, John in. 16. Here it is evident that God the Father is the Giver; his boundless Mercy was fo great to the World, that he gave the rich Gift of Jetus Christ. How ungrateful is it then to rob God of his glorious Attributes of wonderful Mercy in representing him inex rable, and will have an equivalent Satisfaction to his injured Justice, and telling us of Christ's infinite Sufferings. &c. which cannot be true, because there cannot be two Infinites, and an infinite Being cannot fuffer: But we know that our bleffed Lord fuffered, and because he was obedient unto Death, even the Death of the Crofs; therefore God hath highly exalted him, and given him a Name which is above every Name, that at the Name of Jesus every Knee should bow, of things in Heaven and things in Earth, and things under the Earth; and that every Tonigue thould confess, that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the Glory of God the Father, Phil. ii. 9, 10, 11, 12. Come now all ye that are upright hearted Souls, who long to know the

the plain Truth, and will not be Pope-rid. Priest-rid, nor Party-rid, but will take your Religion from God, and Christ, and his Apostles; see what the blessed Je us and the holy Paul fay, they give the Glory, the Honour, and the Praise to God the Father with a glad Heart. One tells us, his Father so loved the World, &c. as if he could not express how great it was; and the other cries out of his wondrous Mercy, Oh the Depth of the Riches both of the Wildom and Knowledge of God; how un-Searchable are his Judgments, and his Ways past finding out! For I am persuaded that neither Death, nor Life, nor Angels, nor Principalities, nor Powers, northings present, nor things to come, nor Height, nor Depth, nor any other Creature, shall be able to Jeperate us from the Love of God which is in Christ Jefus the Lord. Rom. viii. 38, 39. and xi. 33.

How clear and manifest is it, that all the Love and Mercy that we receive, slows from God the Father, who is the inexhaustible Fountain of all Goodness? And observe that the Love and Mercy of God comes to us, in, or thro', or by, the Lord Jesus Christ, because he is our eternal high Priess, and being advanced to the right Hand of the Majesty on high, he makes powerful Intercession to God for us;

for the Obedience, and Sufferings, and/ Death of Christ was accepted as a Sacrifice offered to the Mercy of God, not an infinite Satisfaction, nor an equivalent Saisfaction; for if any Man should suppose that Christ paid the full and utmost Farthing, then where was the great Mercy of God, nay, where was any Mercy at all? For if I owe a Man 100 l. and he demand it of me, and I have but 5 1. in all the World, but the Man will not bate one Farthing, but send me to Prison, and a-Friend of mine, that knows my Inability, pays him his 100 l. fully for me, and for releases me; now here indeed I must needs commend the Love and Goodness of my Friend, who paid the full Debt for me but for certain I cannot fay I receiv'd any Mercy from my Creditor at all.

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Thus the Trinitarians, who hold these horrid Principles, render the good, the gracious, the merciful God, more unmerciful than good Men; for no good Manwill insist on his full Debt, when he knows that all the Debtor has in the World will not fully pay him. Thus they dishonour God the Father, and contradict his Son lesus Christ, and his holy Apostle, who lways ascribe, with the Angels, Glory too God in the highest, on Earth Peace and good Vill towards Men, and with good David.

is nothing better for a devout Soul to do, when in a true spiritual Manner he draweth near to God, than humbly trust in the rich and boundless Mercy of God, the Father of all Beings, thro' the Mediation and Intercession of the Lord Jesus Christ, with sincere Repentance and unseigned Obedience; sollowing the Steps of the blessed Jesus, and keeping his Commands, as he kept his God and Father's Commands.

Now he that is the Mediator between an offended God and offending Man, could not be that God with whom he mediates, nor a finful Man, but a finless Man; and therefore a fit and proper Mediator, and a merciful high Prieft, and knows our Infirmities, and was in all Points tempted, yet without Sin. Let us therefore come boldly to the Throne of Grace, that we may obtain Mercy and find Grace to help in time of Need. Heb. iv. 15, 16. for thro' Christ we all have Access by one Spirit unto the Father, Epb. ii. 13. I hope by this time all unbyas'd Men will see there is but one Supream Being of all Beings, and join in with holy Paul, and fay, that to us there is but one God the Father; of whom are all things, and we in him; and one Lord Jesus Christ, by whom are all things, and we by bin; 1. Cor. viii. 6. Observe well here, that

able to the first Commandment of God, is sufficient of it self to overthrow all the Trinitarians under Heaven. And all the Men who argue for a Plurality of Persons in God, do generally unavoidably run directly into Tritbeism, that is, three Gods, and were never yet able to give a rational

Answer to that Text.

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How often have I heard a diffenting Teacher in the Town where I live, telling the People, and oftentimes in his Prayer too, faying thus: "There is God the "Father, and God the Son, and God the "Holy Ghoft, three diffinct Perfons (and yet in the fame or next Breath, tell us this grand Absurdity) these are not three Gods, but one God: Just as if one should say, there is King George, and King Lewis, and King Philip, three distinct Persons, and yet in the next Breath tells us, these are not three Kings, but one King.

I will appeal to any true reasonable Perfon if there can be a more notorious Falsehood; and the I have sent to him again and again, in the pure Spirit of Love, acquainting him that those Terms were not in God's Word, but were as void of Scripture as they were of Reason; yea I have oftentimes invited him to my House, that I might do all I could to cultivate a good

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Understanding, but all in vain; for instead of it, almost every first Day, he would be throwing out hisfly Reflections in such an envious Way, that some of his Hearers told me, they could hardly endure to hear him, and ask'd me how I could have Patience to bear them: But I (having the inward Felicity of a quiet Breaft, and fuch a Peace as the World cannot give nor take away) told the Persons, That as I did bear those Reproaches which were cast principally upon me, surely they might bear them, boping they would foon end. But he still continuing his bitter Infinuations of my being a Heretick, and in Error and Herefy, &c. I fent him a Letter, telling him what he had faid, and defiring him to meet me next Day at fuch an Hour at his Friend's House, who was one of his Hearers, and that if he could make out his Charge, that I was in any Error, from Reason or Scripture, I would quit it and be of his Opinion. So I went at Time and Place, and waited two Hours; but he did not come, tho' I knew he was at Home. Indeed he was fo fullen at the Receipt of my Letter, that he did not fay he would, or would not come; but I believe he very much doubted whether he could make good his Charge, and lo did not come : However, it had this good Effect, that I heard no more Reflections of ad.

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a good while; for before, one would almost have fancy'd he heard Athanasius railing. banishing and persecuting Arius; which was the first Instance that ever was known, of one Christian perfecuting and banishing another. As the Trinitarians did to Arius and his Followers, as all who are acquainted with Antiquity know full well, and as may be feen in the Preface to Lactantius's Lives of Persecutions. And it was by an Edict made capital so much as to keep an Arian Book; than which I know not of a more cruel Edict by Lewis XIV. And tho' the Arians did retaliate upon them, yet the Trinitarians taught them the Way, and begun that abominable unchristian Practice. And I know no Unitarian but abhors and detests Persecution of any Denomination of People, and of any Kind or Degree, what soever it be: And tho' I am one of the most distant Men in the World from the Romanifts, yet I publickly declare, That I would no more have a Papist persecuted, than I would have a Baptist or a Quaker; both of which have suffered very greatly, but especially the atter, who have born the Heat and Brunt of the furious Day of Persecution with greater Stedfastness and Constancy, Patience and Fidelity in their Christian Principles, than any other Society of People,

not only in these Kingdoms, and on this fide the Atlantick Ocean in the cruelTime of the Parliament and Cromwell, and also thro' the more cruel Times of Charles II but likewise beyond the Seas by those wick ed, hypocritical, blood-thirsty Professors in New-England, who perfecuted the innocent Quakers worse than ever the Jews did Paul; putting several of them to Death and whipping many tender Women, a well as Men, in fuch a merciles manner and with fuch other unheard of Cruelties inflicted, that few Histories can parallel and all this endured with great Patience and inward Joy; fome of them crying out (in open Court, when Sentence of Condemnation was past) that no longue could express the Love of God, which manitested it self in their Hearts. See Sewel's Dutch History, p. 232, 233, 234. I well know that the Lord hath ftirr'd

me up at this Time, to call to Remembrance the Sufferings of those faithful Witnesses and Servants of Christ, who saw the Hypocristy, Pride, Deadness and Formality that was among the Priests, and the Professos of New England; and therefore they found it upon them from the Lord, and in Obedience to him, to bear their Testimony against them; directing Men to the inward Light or spiritual Knowledge of Christ

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thist in their own Breasts, which being minded and obeyed, would turn Men from Hypocrify, and outward dead Formalities, to an inward pure and spiritual waiting ipon God, and worthipping him, even the One God and Father of all, who is above all, in and thro' the Light Jesus Christ, who is the Way to the Father, and who lighteth every Man that will bring his Deeds to this inward Light, that they may be manifested whether they be good or evil: And this Light is Christ in us the Hope of Glory, which will not lye, but comes from God, and will tell us the Truth; that is, whether our Deeds do please the good, righteous, holy, just, loving, bountiful, merciful, gracious God or not; and if not, then it will check, reprove and rebuke us; but if we obey this Light or Truth, that is, Christ spiritually, hen the Truth will make us free, that is, ree from the Power and Dominion of Sin, and not be Servants to it, nor Slaves under ts worse than Egyptian Bondage: And this s the Redemption that Christ has redeem. d us from, our vain Coversation, and so he hath reconciled us unto God.

This Light is the Grace of God, that bringth Salvation, and hath appeared to all Men, eaching us, that denying Ungodliness and worldly Lusts, we should live soberly, righte-

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ously, and godlily in this present World; he ing for the blessed Hope, and the glorious pearing of the great God, and our Saving Jesus Christ, who gave himself for us, that might redeem us from all Iniquity, and put unto himself a peculiar People zealous of gworks. Titus, ii. 11, 12, 13, 14.

Now just as the high professing Ph fees, who had got the Words of the L in their Mouths, but not in their Hea instead of hearkening to the heavenly monitions and Reproofs of the bles Jesus, went about to kill him, and

break the righteous Law of God.

Just so did the Priests and Professor. New England do to the faithful Servants Christ; persecuting them even unto Dea till King Charles II. (tho' a Persecu himself, yet had more Humanity in h than they) put a Stop to their bloo Cruelty, and prevented their horrid E cutions. And I heartily wish, that n mentioning the aforesaid Barbarities ma be of good Use to the Trinitarians of t Age, that they fall not into the like Da nels, as some of them have done not ma Years fince, in persecuting and hard tre ing many of my beloved Brethren. Thomas Emlyn, William Whiston, San Clark, James Pierce, and many oth whose holy Lives and godly Conversati toge

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together with their honest, sincere and excellent Works, have bore a good Testimony for the Glory of God the Father, and for the Honour of his Son Jesus Christ, our Lord and Mediator; and who doubtless enjoy the Comfort of a well grounded Hope, and experience, what I my self do, the inward Peace of God, which passeth all Understanding. The former of whom was fin'd a thousand Pounds, and lay in Prison two Years and five Weeks, for keeping the first Commandment of God, and the Faith of Jesus. Rev. xvi. 12.

It is worthy to take Notice how Nicodemus comes to Christ, and honestly owns that he was a Teacher come from God; for no Man, says he, can do these Things, except God be with him. He had not a Thought, nor no Man else then living, that Christ was the supreme God, but that God's Power was in him, and enabled him

to do the Miracles that he did.

And afterward see what Christ tells Nicodemus: God so loved the World that be gave his only begotten Son, that who soever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting Life. Observe well the blessed Jesus; he doth not speak after the manner of Satisfactorians, nor Trinitarians, nor Predestinarians, nor a Word of infinite Satisfaction, nor of God being three, or six,

or ten Person. All equally false, nor of absolute Election, nor Reprobation; but the Lips of the beloved Son are ever filled with sounding forth the astonishing Love of his God and Father. This was his Meat and Drink (and it ought to be ours who are his Followers) to do the Will of his

heavenly Father.

Thus he gives the Glory to whom it is ultimately due: God fo loved the World, not only Saints, but Sinners, that he gave his only begotten Son, that who foever believeh in him, (hould not perift, but live. For God Jent not his Son into the World to condemn the World, but that the World through him might be faved. Here is no infi ite Satisfaction, for there cannot be two Infinites, but the free Offer of God's Mercy to all the World; and here is no Plurality of Persons at all in God; but one God the Father, one fingle Person, He so loved the World, that he (not three) gave his only begotten Son; God was the Donor, Christ was the Gift, and we the Receivers of it. And the free Gift of God is universal to all Mankind, that whofoever believeth in him should not perilb. Who would have all Men to be faved, and come to the Knowledge of the Truth; which would make them free from Sin, and the Power of Satan. But this is the Condemnation, that Light is come into the of

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he World, and Men love Darkness rather han Light, because their Deeds are evil. For every one that doth Evil hateth the Light, neither cometh to the Light, left his Deeds thould be reprov d: But he that loeth the Truth cometh to the Light, that his Deeds may be made manifest, that they are wrought in God. For he whom God hath fent speaketh the Words of God; for God giveth not the Spirit by Measure to him. John iii. 2, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 34. The Father leveth the Son, and hath given all things into his Hand. And the Father judgeth no Man, but bath committed all Judgment to the Son; and as the Father bath Life in himself, so bath he given to the Son that he hould have Life in himself. Here let every pious, honest, humble Christian follow the Lamb, and hearken to his own Voice; and observe how plain, clear, and intelligently he speaks, that the meanest Child of God may know, that he hath no Power, nor Authority, nor Honour, nor Spirit, nor Life it felf, but what God the Father hath given him; and therefore is not the most high God himself, but the Son of God, the Sent, the Anointed, the Christ. This is the true D ctrine which the bleffed Jesus taught his Disciples, when he told them of his going away from them; and hey being forrowful, he faid, let not your Heart be

be troubled, ye believe in God, believe alse in me. By which it is manifest he is not God, but another Being who was fent by God, as will appear evidently by the Difciples Faith. In my Father's House are many Mansions; if it were not so, I would bave told you, I go to prepare a Place for you. John xiv. 1, 2. At that Day ye shall know, that I am in my Father, and you in me, and I in you. v. 20. Here is a plain Proof and Demonstration, that the same Oneness or Union that is between God and Christ, is between Ch ift and his Disciples: And here our Lord himself consutes all those trifling Quibles that are brought by some, to make God and Christ one Being; which is notoriously falle; for it so, then Christ and his Disciples would be one Being, which is equally as false as the other, and both alike untrue. But that in a Spiritual Sense Christ is in God, as we are in Christ, and he in us; just as God was in Christ reconciling the World to himself, and as Christ is in us, except we be Reprobates. But certain it is, that Christ is not in us personally, but fitteth at the right Hand of God making continual Intercession for us; fo that as God and Christ are distinct Beings, fo Christ and his Disciples are distinct Beings. So that the Oneness of God, and Christ, and his Disciples, is in

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Will or Consent, as may be seen in many Texts. John xiv. Jesus said, if any Manlove me, he will keep my Commandments, and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our Abode with him. And I m the Vine, my Father is the Husbandman. Here is a vast Distinction; for the Husbandman is altogether superior to the Vine, which is subject to the Husbandman. And our Lord telleth us these encouraging Words: If ye keep my Commandments, ye shall abide in my Love; even as I have kept my sather's Commandments, and abide in his Love.

Now he that ministers to his Father's Will, and he that keepeth his God and Father's Commandments, is not that God and Father himself, but is an obedient on and Servant to God his Father, sulfil-

ing what his Father sent him todo.

At that Day, says our Lord, ye shall ask in my Name, and I say not unto you, that I will pray the Father for you; for the Father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I came out from God. came forth from the Father, and am come into the World. Again, I leave the World, and go to the Father. His Disciples said unto him cobserve their Word carefully, and we shall know what was the true Faith that Christ would have his Disciples to believe) Lo, now speakest thou plainly, and speakest

speakest no Proverb. Now we are sure to thou knowest all things, and needest not to any Man should ask thee: by this we believe that thou comest forth from God. John x 30. Jesus answer'd them, do you now believe

Now evident it is, that this was the tr Faith that our Lord would have his D ciples believe, by his faying to them, do now believe & &c. It was not to believe th he was God a no, there was not one fuch Thought or Word; but it was to belie that God did send him, or in their or Words, that he came forth from God; an agreeable to this Faith is that of the postle's Declaration of Faith, when Chri put this home Question to them, whom] ye that I am? This Answer is worthy of o ferious Observation. Peter seems to be the Mouth of the rest, and said, Thou art ? fus Christ the Son of the living God; n thou art God himself, not one Word that Kind to be heard of: Those a Words that proceed out of the filth Mouths of Mens Inventions, but not from the Spirit of God, nor from the Mouth the Apostle Peter. Now we are full confirm'd that these Words, thou art Chri the Son of the living God, is the true Faith because our Lord tells him, that Flesh a Blood had not revealed it to him, but my f ther which is in Heaven; and that uponth Fai

Faith Christ would build his Church, and other Faiths or Foundations can no Man lay. Also we find the very same Faith declared by the truly sincere and upright hearted Eunuch, who came so far to worthip the one God of Israel; and when Philip and he came to a certain River of Water, he said, see here is Water, what doth hinder me to be baptized? (not rantized: but dipped, not sprinkled, as the Invention of Men is) and Philip said, if thou believes

with all thy Heart, thou mayeft. ?

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Now I earnestly do intreat all fincere Lovers of Truth, to take Notice what this devout Man did believe, because there is no doubt but the Lord, who fent Philip in such an extraordinary Manner, did fully qualify him to instruct this eminent Man, who was to carry the Christian Religion into another part of the World; and he answer'd and said, I believe that JesusChrist is the Son of God. Here is the very same good old Faith that the Son of God had bofore taught his Apostles and Disciples, but not one Word of Christ being supreme God. Had Philip known of an fuch Doctrine, as any other Person being God besides God the Father, he would have reveal'd it at this time, and we should have had it mention'd; but there is not the least Hint of any fuch strange Notion, but that he was

the Son of God was the Faith; and upon this he commanded the Chariet to stand still, and they went down both into the Water, both Philip and the Eunuch, and he baptized him; and when they were comup out of the Water, the Spirit of the Lor caught away Philip, that the Eunuch say him no more: And he went on his way re

joycing. Acts viii. 37, 38, 39.

One would wonder here how Minister san look upon these Texts without Sham and Bluthing, to fee how they deviate and run away from the Primitive Practice of Baptism, and retain Part of the Popish In ventions, and neglect other Parts of it for if fprinkling a little Water on his Fac would have done, there had been no nee to stop the Charict, and bosh of them to go down into the Water, and to come up out of the Water. A Servant might have brought a little Water to them into the Chariot: But they had learnt better of Christ, who went many Miles to be bap tized of John in Jordan. And if sprink ling would have been fit to call Baptism why did John go quite to Enon, but be cause there was much Water there, and John, and Christ and Philip, had not learn the Trick of Sprinkling? I would ask these Infant Sprinklers this Question, whether if they should sprinkle Water on the Ice 110

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r on the Child's Thumb, and very gravey fay, I baptize thee, &c. if it would not e full as valid, and agreeable to the prinitive Manner, as to iprinkle the Child's Back, or Breast, or Face? is not one altoether as foppish as the other? I mention his Matter, principally to shew how fond ven Diffenters are of Popish Inventions, nd yet cry aloud against their Crism, and igning with the Cross, and God-fathers, which are very little more foppish than heir own, and every one Inventions of den; for all honest Men, who any thing now of Antiquity, and will speak the ruth out of their Mouths, do know that he manner of Baptism in the Primitive lime was by Dipping, and no fuch thing s Sprinkling known; yet fuch a Stress do even the Sprinklers lay upon their outward retended, Baptisin, that they are very ften cenfuring those People who do not ractife their outward Formalites, as no hristians; whereas I do know full well y Experience, and doubtless many thouand Christians besides me, that who soever eels inwardly a dying unto Sin, and a ising to Newnels of Life, a spiritual Bapism or purging the Conscience from dead Works, to serve the living and true God; hearkening to the internal Teachings nd Leadings of the holy Spirit; a watchfu!

ful walking therein with Thanksgiving denying and refifting all the evil Motion of the Flesh; a humble waiting for t Lord's powerful Presence to succour hi will certainly have less to do with all o ward Shadows, and will thirst more af an inward spiritual Substance: For Baptism, that doth now save us, is not t putting away the Filth of the Flesh, I the Answer of a good Conscience towa God. I would not discourage any Ch stian Man or Woman from cutward Ba tism, who believes Jesus Christ to be Son of God, and do it in Obedience to hi as thinking Water Baptisin still a Dut But I would have no one to lay any Str on these external Practices or Custon any more than they do on Washing Feet: For which there feems to be equal the same Precept and Precedent of Chr as there is for outward Baptism, and o ward Bread and Wine. Yet I think reformed Protestants have totally laid as that outward Ordinance, tho' it has o tainly equal Title to that Name, and very same Authority as the two form And when I alk People why they me fuch a Euftle about the two Ordinances Baptisin, and the Supper, and yet negl the Ordinance wholly of washing of Fo m

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mand for the doing it, nay, he did more b enforce the Practice of the latter, than of the former; for Christ never baptized my with Water, but he did wash many of he Disciples Feet, and commanded them o do as he had done to them: And if ny manner of Stress be laid on Christ's Institution of Water Baptilin, and Bread and Wine, much more is laid on washing ne Disciples Feet; for when Peter faid, bou thalt never wash my Feet, Jesus answer'd im, if I wash thee not, thou bust no Part ith ma. John xiii. 8. Read the fustitution n our Lord's own Words, v. 2. Tesus nowing that the Father had given all things to bis Hands; and that he was come from fod, and went to God, he laid afide his Garsents after he rose up from Supper, and tak Towel and girded bimfelf; after that, be pureth Water into a Bason, and began to wab be Disciples Feet, and to wipe them with the owel wherewith he was girded. Then conneth e to Simon Peter, and Peter saith unto him, ard, dost thou wash my Feet? Jesus answer d nd said unto bim, (mind well) what I do thou nowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter. eter saith unto him, thou sha't never wash y Feet. Fesus answer'd him, if I was's thee ot, thou hast no Part with mc. Simon Peter negle sith unto him, Lord, not my Feet only, but of Fee I'my Hands and my Head. But the Infant e Con 11130 Sprinklers.

Sprinklers, they neither wash the Fee the Hands, nor the Head; but have in vented a little Trick, or Slight of Hand to throw or frinkle a Handful of Water i the Child's Face; whi h neither John th Baptiff, nor Chrift, nor any of the Apostles evertaught or practiled: Soafter he ha washed their Feet, and had taken his Gar ments, and was fet down again, he fai unto them, Know ye what I have done to you Te call me Master, and Lord, and ye say well for fo I am. If Ithen your Lord and Mafter have washed your Feet, ye ought also to wal one anothers Feet; for I have given you an Example, that ye should do as I have done to Verily, verily, I fay unto you, the Ser vart is not greater than his Lord, mither i be that is fent, greater than be that fent bim If ye know these things, happy are ye if ye de them, John xiii. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Now here let it be well observed, that our Lord commandeth this Ordinance with as great Solemnity as any other outward Ordinance whatsoever, and enforces the Practice of it with as great Earnestness, and strong, if not stronger Motives than any of the other two: therefore as I intimated before, when I ask Persons, why they make such a Bustle about Water Baptism, and Bread, and Wine, when they wholly reject

ject, or utterly omit the Ordinance of washing the Disciples Feet, they are generally like the Man that had not on the

Wedding Garment, speechless.

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But some I meet with, whose Heads are not so muddy as the former, and they will quickly give me an honest, ready, plain, true Answer; and that is, That the' they do not wash the Feet of the Disciples, that being an outward Custom in those hot Eastem Countries, yet they do the Substance of that Ordinance, that is, humbly refreshing, relieving, and helping one another. Now if this be a right, true Reply to the Question, as I verily believe it is fulfilling the Mind of Christ; then it is also a right and true Answer in the Mouths of all the People call'd Quakers, who strenuously plead and pray for the Substance without the Shadow, that is, the Baptism of the Spirit; for as to the outward Buptilin of Water, it was a Custom of those hot Eastern Countries, and they feel the Substance of it in dying unto Sin, and in rifing to Newness of Life, in putting off the old Man with the corrupt Deeds, and putting on the new Man, with Repentance towards God, and Faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ, in experiencing an inward spiritual Washing by the Blood of Christ, cleanfing the Mind and Heart from every DUS Thing

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Thing that polluteth, and being brought into the Light, and Life, and the Image of Christ, who is the Image of the invisible God, and the first born of every Creature; and knowing that the Father hath given all Thingsinto his Hands, and that he came from God, and went to God; and therefore it is evident he is not the supreme God, but a powerful Intercessor, who is able to fuccour all that are tempted, and fave to the uttermost all that come to God by him; for in him the Father is well pleased, and will not cast out any Man or Woman that cometh by him: And as the Father hath Life in himfelf, fo hath he given to the Son to have Life in himself; and he quickeneth whom he will, that is, all that will come to him that they may have Life: And as they know that without Christ they can do nothing, so they must receive inward Strength and Nourish ment, otherwife they would faint in the Wilderness, and therefore must have the heavenly Manna, the Bread of God, which he gave and fent down from Heaven, which is Christ the Tree of Life, the living Water, whose Flesh is Meat indeed, and his Blood is Drink indeed; and spiritually they do often eat of that Bread, and drink of that Cup; otherwise they would no grow nor bear Fruit, but would withe and and fade, and the great Husbandman

would cast them forth to be burnt.

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So that we must abide in Christ the true Vine, and if we abide in him we shall bring forth Fruit, and his God and Father will purge us that we may bring forth more Fruit. Now all those that do this spiritually, feed on Christ Jesus, and have their Fruit unto Holine's, have certainly the Substance, the Bread of Heaven, and no Wonder if they neglect the outward Shadow: And if those who lay a mighty Stress upon these outward Things, and censure those that do not, how will they answer it to their Consciences when they are found partial in those three outward Things, Water Baptism, Bread and Wine, and wathing the Disciples Feet; observing the two former, and rejecting and neglecting the latter, which feems to be the most strongly inculcated of all the three? I fay, how will these Men, if they censure others, be able to ward off the Charge of the Apostle Paul, Who art thou that judgest another, and doeft the same Things?

Thus have I in some Measure clear dmy Conscience, and bore my Testimony against the outward Court Worshippers, who are often casting their ignorant, uncharitable Reslections upon those who worship in the inward Court, calling them no Christians,

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See because they do not conform to the outward Formalities, and empty, lifele Shadows. I could wish all People would think well of our Lord's Words to the Woman of Samaria, they that worship the Father must worship him in Spirit and in Truth. Go is a Spirit, and he seeketh such to worshi him. And they shall never seek his Face i vain; and such may firmly depend on the Words of the blessed Jesus, Fear not, little Flock, it is your Father's good Pleasure to give

you the Kongdom.

I have often thought with Sorrow of Heart, how very apt outfide Professors ar to take up, and rest in some Externals of Religion; which hath brought to my Min those Words (of the greatest Importance but little regarded) of Christ Jesus. Who Suever will be my Disctple, let bini deny bim felf daily, and take up bis Cross and follow Now every heaven-born Soul who i acquainted with the true spiritual Warfare he knows full well what it is to take u the Cross, and follow the Lamb whitherso ever he goeth; that is, to deny in himsel all manner of Ungodliness, every vain frothy, filthy Word, Thought or Action and to live Saberly, righteously, and godlily, i this present World. But instead of do n this, one takes up a Cross made of Wood another gets one of Brass, another of Si rier

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er, and some of Gold: And who then is braver Christian than they? In short, it is in all Denominations, if there be my outward Externals, or Ceremonial ricks. O! how will they hug fuch Formalities, and lay a mighty. Stress upon hem, when at the same Time they lay the ems upon the Neck of their Lufts, their ride, and their Pathons! But as to the true Denying, and Spiritual Cross, Christ may come himself and take it up again if e will, for they will not have any Thing. do with it. Which gave Occasion to ne blessed Jesus to say, and ye will not come to me, that ye might have Life. That is, len will not obey him in their Hearts. or behold, to obey is better than Sacrifice. nd to bearken than the Fat of Rams,

For in Fact, every disobedient Person sys to Christ, as the wicked Israelite said Moses, that is, they thrust him away, lying, who made thee a Ruler and a Judge ver us? This is that Moses who said to be Children of Israel, A Prophet shall the ord your Good raise up unto you of your Breven like unto me, him shall ye hear, Acts vir. 7. Now here take Notice, that God hathmade Jesus Christ a Ruler and Judge over s; and therefore the he he not that God the made him Ruler and Judge, yet who here disobeyeth him, dis beyeth God, who

who made him our Judge. As if any Perion, or People in any Town, should affror a Judge on the Circuit, it is certain the King would resent the Affront, as done thinsfelf, because he fent the Judge; tho' a

Men know that the Judge is not the King

And now O Lord God Almighty! I be feech thee for the Sake of Jesus Christ, the affist me to strike one Blow more at the Root of this God-contradicting Doctrine which hath defied thy first Commandment and given the Lye to thee, the Fountain of Truth.

O thou living and only true God! whe gavest me my Breath, and art free to take again when and where and how the pleasest; I humbly pray thee, take away the Fear of Man from my Heart, who can only kill my Body, and let me lear of thy Son Jesus Christ to fear thee the God of all Flesh, who alone can'ft kill

both Body and Soul.

Thou King eternal, immortal, invisible thou only wise God, who formedst my Heart, and therefore must needs know my Intentions, to thee I appeal, who searched and tryest my Reins, that I have no other Views but thy Glory, the Honour of the Son Jesus Christ, and the Good of a Mankind universally through the world Mark well the Words of God himself wi

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a plain honest Heart, (for I am sure of it. that less Learning and more Honesty would better adorn the Christian Religion) I will raise them up a Prophet from among their Brethren like unto thee, and I will put my Words in his Mouth, and be hall speak unto them all that I shall command him; and it shall come to pass, that who soever will not bearken unto my Words which he shall speak in my Name, I will require it of him. Deut. xviii. 18. Now all Men allow that he who fays, I will raise them up a Prophet, is God: Then is it one Person that so speaks, or three? Is it one Being that fays, I will put my Words into his Month, &c. or is it three Beings? Is it one God in the fingular Number that fays, I will require it of him. or is it three Gods in the plural Number?

Now all Men know that every Person is a Being; and if God be three Persons, then he must needs be three Beings; and if he be three Beings, then he must needs be three Gods without Dispute. So that to be a downright Trinitarian, is to be a downright Theist; or in plain Words, to hold that there are three Gods, which is nothing less than Polytheism: For if there be a Plurality of Persons, and every one of those Persons be God, then there must needs be a Plurality of Gods; which is in every Part of it directly contrary to the First Commandment.

Thou Shalt have no other Gods but me But it has been confess'd by feveral, tha the Doctrine of the Trinity was not expli citly reveal'd or known in all theold Tel tament, and so was not born nor hatch's of above four thousand Years; and in the new Testament it has no Foundation, for our bleffed Lord utterly denies it; as has been plainly thewn in his own Words, telling us, that his Father is the only true God and teaching us to pray to him as fuch, viz Our Father which art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name, &c. and telling us that he did not know the Day of Judgment, and that none did know it but the Father only, and that he could of his own felf do nothing, and in plain Words that his Father was greater than he; with many other Words, that will be eternal Witnesses for him, that he always chearfully and carefully gave the Glory to his God and Fa-ther: And we cannot do better than be Followers of him; he taught us the Way, let us tread in his Steps. He never taught us any fuch cunning Quirks, nor deceitful Shifts, as Trinitarians do, as saying, here I speak in my human Nature, and here I speak in my divine Nature; Words which the holy Spirit of God feems to abhor. And now I am mentioning the Spirit

let us observe that he is another Person

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shom the Trinitarians will have to be fureme God too; tho' I find no fuch Notion roach'd till above three hundred Years eter Christ, no, not till some Time after he Council of Nice. They durst not dare to call the holy Spirit God; for it is cerin the holy Scriptures never once so much s call him God in any express Words, nor ever direct us to pray to him as God, nor to praise nor pay Adoration to him; but certain it is, that almost all the Places in Scripture, where the Spirit of God is mention'd, are not to be understood of a difind Person, no more than a Man should call his Wisdom or his Power a distinct Person from himself: But his Influence. s God doth often tell us, Of pouring forth his Spirit, and shedding forth his Spirit, &c. And in a great many other Places, where there is no distinct Person meant, but only the holy Influences of God, or his Energy, s when it is said, the Spirit of God moved pon the Waters, and my Spirit shall not always strive with Man; that is, the Power of God moved upon the Waters; and God withdrew his Influences from striving in Man, because Man resisted the Visitations of God, and rebelled against the Light, nd would not act up to its Dictates; and hat is still, to this Day, the Condemnaion that Light is come into the World, and E

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Men love Darkness rather than Light. But if there be any personal Notes given to the Spirit, as in John xvi. 10. and some other Places, yet he is always set forth as Inferior both to God and also to Christ; as He shall not speak of himself, but what soever

be shall bear that shall be speak.

And here let it be remark'd, that a these Jargonists, who would make Go Almighty to confift of a Plurality of Per fons, or Beings, are utterly cut off from their vain Subterfuge of their human Na ture; for none pretends that the Hol Spirit has human Nature, and yet is a Intercessor: But when the Unitarians pre the Trinitarians with the frequent Word of Christ, My Father is greater than I; an I can do nothing of my self; and of that D knoweth no Man, nor the Angels in Heave nor the Son, but my Father only; and this Life eternal to know thee the only true Go Being thus forely gall'd and pinch'd to the very Quick, and in very great Diffred they are forc'd to flee to their old commo Shift, and far, be Speaks in his human N ture, and not in his divine Nature. But th is a meer Fetch, and a very poor Come-of for our bleffed Lord would not be guilty Caying plainly, he did not know that De nor that Hour, when (as they fay) hed know it in his Divine Nature. Just as i

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should put a Plaister one one of my Eyes, and go a begging, and tell People I was blind, and did not see the Light, when at the same time I did see the Light with one

Eye, but not with the other.

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In short, a Man that is honest, with but half an Eye may easily see the odious Deceitsulness of this unintelligible Doctrine, which maketh the most high God, the holy one of Israel, to be a Plurality of Persons, contrary to Christ: Hear, O Israel, the

Lord thy God is one Lord.

I hope all Chiffians will allow honest Paul had a clear Idea of the Unity of the Godhead, both in natural and reveal'd Religion: It will be worthy of Observation to know what a God it is that Paul preach'd to the Learned, but Idolatrous and Superstitious Athenians: Whether it were a Plurality of Persons, or one Person, or Being, in the fingular Number, or Note, of him, or he, &c. Now if we find Paul promising to declare the true God to these Men of Athens, then we may be fure he will be as good as his Word. Come now, my beloved Brethren of every Denomination, let us suppose our selves to stand in the midst of Mars-Hill, and join our honest Hearts and Ears together, and hear good old Father Paul preach, and give his decifive Sentence on this Controversy: But that you may E 2 judge

judge impartially, come out of the Hands of all Creed-makers; take not your Faith from Emperors nor Councils, nor from Popes nor Prelates, nor Priests nor Preachers; not from Arius, nor Athanasius, noi from Luther nor Calvin, nor from Knox nor Cranmer, nor from Laud nor Baxter, non from Convocations nor Affemblies, no from Kings nor Parliaments, but from God, and from Christ, and from his inspiced Apostles, who did not preach for filthy Lucre, but rather (humanly speaking) for Fetters and Prisons, which for ought I know may be my Lot for writing this; and tho I have a numerous Family, yet I have given my felf up to the Will of God, to defend his Sacred Ten Commandments with Boldnels: And I trust in God Almighty, thro Jesus Christ, that he will enable me to hear a true and faithful Testimony for him to the End of my Life, Amen. And now with Minds inwardly turned to the Fear of God, hearken to the Words of holy, faithful Paul Then Paul food in the midst of Mars. Hill, and faid, Te Men of Athens, I perceive that in all things ye are ton Superstitious; for as I passed by, and beheld your Devotions, I found an Altar with this Inscription, To the unknown God: Whom therefore ye ignorantly worship (observe his Promise) him declare I unto you. God that made the World, nds ith

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World, and all things therein, feeing that he is Lord of Heaven and Earth, dwelleth not in Temples made with Hands: neither is worshipped with Mens Hands, as tho he needed any thing, seeing he giveth to all Life, and Breath, and all Things; and hath made of one Blood, all Nations of Men, for to dwell on all the Face of the Earth, and hath determined the Times before appointed, and the Bounds of their Habitation: that they should seek the Lord, if haply they might feel after him, and find him, tho' he be not far from every one of us. For in him we live, and move, and have our Being: as certain also of your own Poets have said, for we are his Offpring. Forasinuch then as we are the Offpring of God, we ought not to think that the Godhead is like unto Gold or Silver, or Stone graven by Art and Man's Device. And the times of this Ignorance God winked at, but now commandeth all Men every where to repent: because he hath appointed Day in the which he will judge the world in Righteousness, by that Man whom he ath ordained, whereof he hath given Afurance unto all Men, in that he hath aised him from the Dead. Alls xvii, 22, 13, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31.

Now all you that have heard the Words of this holy Man of God, declaring his

Mind

Mind and Will, let his Dread come or your Hearts, and fear this glorious a fearful Name, the Lord thy God, and let th of him which is within you, speak out t Truth with your Mouths from your ve Hearts: Whether here is the leaft Syllal or Tittle of a Plurality of Persons in Go Is there the least Intimation in the Wor of any fuch monftrous Doctrine? Is possible for any rational Creature und Heaven to conceive any fuch thing fro the Words of this faithful Man to the Heathens, whom he promifed to decla God unto, which he performed in fuch excellent diffinct Manner? Take ye the fore good heed to your felves, for you hea no manner of Similitude of a Trinity Mars-Hill from holy Paul, no more th the Children of Israel heard from the ho Mouth of God in Mount Sinai, Thou she have no other Gods but me.

Just so you find faithful Paul giving the same singular Notes, beginning his happed Discourse thus: God that made the World at all things therein, seeing that he is the Lord Heaven and Earth, &c. and he doth so at so, and he bath determined the Time best appointed, if haply they might feel after his and find him; and he hath appointed a Day which he will judge the World by that M whom he hath ordained, that is, by Jel Chri

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Jesus Christ,

Christ, whom be bath raised from the Dead I make no doubt but every pious Soul and that reads these Lines, is by this time conthat winc d in his Heart of the Truth of the Uitarian Doctrine, and will be ready to bear his Testimony, that there is but one God, and one Mediator between God and Man, the Man Christ Fesus. 1. Tim. ii. 5.

And that all vain Men who tell us of a tri-un God, or of a decem-un God, are mere Inventions, which they have deviled of their own Hearts; for in the Revelations there is mention made of the feven Spirits of God; and if every one of these be God. and Men dare plead for God's being a Pluality of Persons, why must these seven be excluded from being God? and they that an admit of three Persons, may by the ame Parity of Reason, admit of ten Perlons; and then who knows but in time we may have as many Decemarians as we have Trinitarians? And this I am fure of, that they are both alike directly contrary to the first Commandment, and therefore are utterly false, and not trne: And that it may appear so beyond all Contradiction to every truly humble Soul, who will be taught by the humble Jesus, and be obelient to his inward spiritual Teachings, and bow to the Name or Power of Christ, and submit to his Rule in the Heart, fulfilling God's

God's holy Will, in fetting up the spiritua Kingdom of Christ within us, and then ! will put down Sin and the Power of it; for God would have Christ to reign till a things are put down, all Enemies under h Feet: For as in Adam's Disobedience a die, even so in Christ's Obedience shall a be made alive, walking as he also walke obeying in all things his Father's holy Wil Now if any dear Child of God, and humb Disciple of the Lamb of God, would se any further into the Deceit of those Go contradicting Doctrines, Transubstantiation and Plurality of Persons, infinite Sati faction, and such Stuff, let him but rea those five Verses of holy Paul, and he ma be for ever fatisfied. 1. Cor. xv. 24, 2 26, 27, 28. Think well of them. The cometh the End, when he, that is, Chri shall have delivered up the Kingdom God, even the Father, when he shall have put down all Rule, and all Authority an Power. For he must reign, till he hat put all Enemies under his Feet. The la Enemy that shall be destroyed, is Death For he hath put all things under his Feet but when he faith all things are put unde him, it is manifest that he is excepted which did put all things under him. And whe all things shall be subdued unto him, the shall the Son also himself be subject un h

him that put all things under him, that God may be all in all. Amen, faith my Soul, so be it. O Lord, thou art my God, will exalt thee, I will praise thy Name, for thou hast done wonderful things, thy Counsels of old are Faithfulness and Truth. have waited for thy Salvation, O Lord, et me never be put to Confusion, but lift up the Light of thy Countenance upon me, and let thy Comforts delight my Soul, and et my Heart be fixed trusting in thee; for into me it was shewed, that I might know that the Lord he is God, and none else befides him. Have we not all one Father? bath not one God created us. Why do Men deal treacherously with God, in robbing him of his Glory, by prophaning the Covenant and breaking the first Commandment, and by making other Persons to be equal with God the Father, contradicting him, who faith, To whom, will ye liken me, or hall I be equal, faith the holy One? Ifa. tl. 25. (not three) that is in plain Words, he hath no equal.

Here let all devout Souls, who will give flory to God in the highest, and accept his Peace on Earth, and good Will to Men, thro' fesus Christ, take particular Notice, that ho' God bath put all things under Christ, yet t is manifest that he is excepted which did put all things under him; and when all things shall

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be subdued unto him, then shall the Son all himself be subject unto him that put all thin under him, that God may be all in all.

See here all centers ultimately in the Glory of God the Father, that be may be all ell; and as I have before faid, that of bleffed Lord hath no Honour, nor Glor nor Dominion, nor Power, but what hath received of God the Father; and as did here on Earth, so will he always, as at the End, do in Heaven, give up the Glory to his God and Father, from who he did receive it. Do but observe Stephe when full of the Holy Ghoft, looking up fle fastly into Heaven, and saw the Glory of Go and Jesus standing on the right Hand of Go evidently shewing his Inferiority to h God, and heavenly Father, and rendring the Honour and Glory due unto him, greeable to his own Words to his Disciple I ascend to my Father and your Father, to n God and your God.

And now as there is no Blindness so has as that of those who will not see, so Men will but throw off the Scales of Projudice and Education, and cleave unser God, and take all their religious Sentiment from him, who does not use to wrap up he Truths in dark Metaphysicks, but in plain intelligent Manner, that his intelligent Creatures may know his Willand

t, in Obedience to his heavenly Creator: Then all thefe vain, incoherent, irrational, nd unscriptural Doctrines of a Plurality, Transubstantiation, absolute Election and Reprobation, infinite Satisfaction, worhiping by Images, Creed-making, fetting ip Inquisitions, and perfecuting Men for obeying God, consonant to the Dictates of heir Consciences, and many other such Practices, would vanish into Smoak and Fog, and fit none but those who love to dwell in the Regions of Church Tyranny, and worse than Egyptian Darkness; for the Igyptians never put Men to Death because they would not be of their Religion, as many pretended Christians do (directly contrary to the Precepts and Example of the bleffed Jefus, who came not to destroy, but fave Men, and to reconcile them to God his beavenly Father) From whose ravenous Paws, O God, deliver all thy innocent Lambs, if it be thy holy Will; but if otherwise, O God, never forsake them, but chable them to bear their Testimony with Paithfulness and Constancy to the last, cording to thy marvellous Works, and give Glory to thy great Name, O Lord; and let all them that do thy Servants Hurt ashamed, and let them know that thou, ord, art the only God, and glorious over he whole World.

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O! ye holy and humble Men of Hear bless ye the Lord, praise and exalt his above all for ever. O! all ye that worthin the Lord, bless the God of Gods, prai him, and give him Thanks, for his Merc endureth for ever. And let every Tongs confess, that Jesus Christ is Lord to the Glory of God the Father, who first of a gave Life and Being to him before an other Creature, as may be evidently fee and clearly and fully prov'd from the Tex following. Proverbs viii. 22. The Lord or ated me the Beginning of his Way, for h Works; for fo the Words expresly are the Septuagint, or original Greek Transl tion of the Bible by the feventy two I terpreters; which was the same Translation that Christ and his Apostles us'd. Ar here let every fincere Lover of Truth f and observe how exactly the aforesa Words do harmonize and agree with the Word of holy Paul, Col. i. 14. Who is the Image of the invisible God, the first born every Creature. And in Rev. iii. 14. The Things Saith the Amen, the faithful and tr. Witness, the Beginning of the Creation God. Here take Notice, we have a Trini of Texts, that do exactly accord, and a one in their Record or Witness-bearing that our Lord Jesus Christis the first Spi that God made. The first Person in the Trini

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Spirit this inity Trinity is Solomon, the wifeft King that ever reign'd on Earth, and he beareth Witness of Christ, that The Lord created bim he Beginning of his Way, for his Works. Prov. viii. 22. The second Person in this Trinity is Paul, the great Apostle of the Gentiles, who bears Witness, that Christ is be first born of every Creature, Col. i. 14. The third Person of this Trinity is John he beloved Disciple and last of all the Apostles, and he bears Witness, that Christ was the Beginning of the Creation of God. Now the Scripture tells us exprelly that in the Mouth of two or three Witnesses hall every Word be eftablish'd; and here rethree substantial Witnesses, Solomon, and Paul, and fohn, three Persons, but one in their Record. The first saith, God created him the Beginning of his Way, for his Works. The second saith, he was the first born of very Creature. And the third faith, be was be Beginning of the Creation of God. And low I will appeal to all the rational Part of honest Men under Heaven, who will ot banish their Reason, Whether it be possible to conceive of a nearer Unity, ffinity or Harmony, in the Witness of iree distinct Persons, than there is spoke ut of the Mouths of Solomon, and Paul, nd John, all in one Record. But to let the Trinitarians know we are

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not confin'd to that Number of Witnesse I will give them one other Witness the may pais as far as three, and that is o Lord Jesus Christ's own Words, John 26. For as the Father bath Life in himfe To bath be given to the Son to have Life himself. So that God the Father is t Fountain and Giver of Life to Christ his felf; and he freely and gladly tells us And if the Lady Mobyar, and others, wo give as much Money to preach Lettu as would fill the Temple of Diana, it well be utterly insufficient to bribe the Han or blind the Eyes of honest Men, who has the Glory of God in their View, and first and facred Law written on their Hea as with a Pen of Iron, or the Point o Diamond, in fuch indelible Characters will never be blotted out.

And now I call Heaven and Earth witness against you, that you have conted your selves, by departing from the Principle of all natural and reveal'd ligion: For the Light of Nature tead us that there is one supreme Being, we the first Cause or Parent of all other Be whatsoever. And, Hear, O Israel, the thy God is one Lord, and Thou shalt had other Gods but me. These are the Work God himself, and of his Prophets, of Chimself, and his Apostles: For who

plead, and bear my faithful Testimony against all those who represent the most high God as being a Plurality of Persons, contrary to the first Commandment of God. and against all who worship God by Images, contrary to the fecond Commandment of God; and against all those who slight or break the other eight. All which facred ten Commandments I dearly love in my very Heart; and I feel, the more I love them, the more God doth manifest his Love to me; and the more I confider of them. the more I find them to be like that good God who gave them, holy, just, and righteous all together. Therefore now let all the Breakers of any of them amend their Ways and their Doings, and obey the Voice of the Lord their God, and the Lord will repent him of the Evil that he hath pro-nounced against them. Ferem. xxvi. 13, 14, 15. As for me, behold I am in your Hand, do with me as seemeth good and meet unto you: But know ye for certain, that if ye put me to Death, ye shall surely bring innocent Blood upon your selves, and upon the City, and upon the Inhabitants thereof; for of a Truth the Lord bath fent me unto you, to speak all those Words in your Ears.

I shall now conclude with the Dying Speech of the excellent and learned Michael Servetus, who was burnt alive at Geneva

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for pretended Herefy, on the 27th Day of the 8th Month, in the Year 1553, by the barbarous cruel Instigation and blood-thir sty Mind of John Calvin; who, after he had compleated this Villany, and bloody Execution, upon the innocent Servetus, diph his service Pen in Gall to vindicate what was done; which gave the great Grotius sufficient Reason to say, viz. That the Spirit of Antichrist did appear as well at Geneva as at Rome.

And Lupienjesius makes this following Remark: This was indeed (says he) a cruel Act, and, in the Opinion of all good Men, directly repugnant to the gentle and humble Spirit of Christ; but perfectly agreeable to the Temper of such, who are tor drawing down Bonargean Fire from Heaven.

The same Historian tells us, That Michael Servetus was a Man of an excellent Judgment; and being well vers'd in all the learned Languages, he carefully applied himself to the Study of Physick, and he passed over into Africa, that he might improve his Mind, and after return'd and went into Germany, France and Italy: He maintain'd with great Constancy for many Years, and at last seal'd it with his Blood, the immoveable Fundamental of the Catholick Truth; I believe in one God the Father

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Father Almighty, Creator of Huaven and Earth, and in bis only Son Fesus Christ our Lord. And as the Antenicene Christians, both of the Latin and Greek Churches taught, viz. That the Father was the Author of the Son, and that he was the Caule of the Son, even as Eusebius himself believed and afferted, viz. That Jesus Christ was the second Cause, &c. and that all, Ecclesiastical Prayers were addressed to one God, thro' Christ the Mediator. Hence Servetus freely declared his Opinion concerning one God the Father, and his Son Jesus Christ, whom the Father had risen from the Dead, and had appointed him Lord and God, and Judge of Quick and Dead; as not only most agreeable to holy Scriptures, but to all Antiquity, and was ruly Catholick; concerning which he frankly discoursed and wrote to Men of Learning and Piety; many of which that Age, like the Golden Age, had gradually ent forth, and brought up for the Reformation of a vast Number of Corruptions of the Christian World.

For this Desire, indeed, of finding and propagating the Truth, he incurred the Hatred of malicious Men, every where Enemies to all Justice; especially after he had publish'd in Germany, Anno 1531, even Books concerning the Errors of the

Trinity.

Trinity. Thus having sufferred many, he resol to go to Venice, but was intercepted in Journey by Calvin, and was miferably to Death at Geneva. He was a Man t deserv'd a much longer Life, and be End, with respect to us; but if we reg the Judgment and Permission of God, had lived long enough, because he liv'd well enough, and answer'd the and most glorious End of Life. He defin to write Commentaries on the whole Testament, if he had not been burnt at neva. He was about to publish many courses, with these Titles, viz. Of right Understanding of the Scriptures the Source of Apostacy from the Apos cal Doctrine; of the Power of Truth the true Knowledge of God; of the B of the Trinity; of the true Holy Spirit the Exaltation of the Man Jesus; of Nature and Ministry of Angels; of and Knowledge; of the Efficacy of Fa of the Power of Charity; of the B Soul and Spirit; of the Fear and Lov God; of the true Church; of the I and Members of it; of the Sleep of Saints; of the Refurrection of the D of the Change of the Living; of the of Judgment; of the Bleffedness of Elect. MICH

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MICHAEL SERVETUE'S Speech, before he was burnt at Geneva, concerning the true Knowledge of God and his Son.

THEY, who affert three substantial Persons or Hypostases in the Godhead, do infinuate to us that there are three Gods by Nature equal; for they tell usthere are three substanstial, distinct, and different Things, and will have every one of those Things or Hypostases (as they call them) to be a God. Thus they do necessarily make three equal and distinct Gods: For fince these Persons or Hypostales, differing in Number and Fact, are each of them predicated of Gol, the Consequence is plain, that there are as many Predicates as Subjects, and that the Number of Gods must be equal to the Number of Persons. And altho' in Words they tell us there is only one God; yet in Effect and Reality they represent three to our Understanding: For every Man of the least Skill or Ingenuity must see, that three are proposed to him as the Objects of his Adoration.

No Man yet could ever explain or inform us how he understood that these three, of which each is a God, were only one God. There remains therefore, both on the Mind and Understanding, this insuperable Perplexity, and inexplantation, that

For al-

tho' the whole Understanding intends, a is directed to one God, and proposeth itself one God to be worshipped in Spir and is thoroughly perswaded of the Unit yet immediately three distinct Objects p fent themselves, and frequently appear the Mind, each of which it knows to be God; and thus feeing that three equal a distinct Gods are represented to its Vie it faints, being confounded between o and three: This is the Issue of the Gre Trias or Triplicity. But if on the oth Hand, we are willing to try the who Matter by the Word of the holy Scriptur as by a Touch stone, and to find out the true Knowledge of God, according to t Words of God himself, all Confusion as Perplexity will immediately vanish, as our Understanding will not be obliged admit any thing in itself contradictory.

We must therefore remark, first, th God is the common Name of all Powe Dominion and Superiority, and proper belongs to him, who is over all, who the Prince of all, the King of Kings, an Lord of Lords, of whom are all, and whom they depend, who alone is the Fi ther and Creator of all things. But taken in a more limited Sense, it mav al agree with the Creatures, as who oev has a Power and Superiority from G

, and over another, he may be stil'd his God. th to As Moses, Exod. vii. 1. is called the God pirit, of Pharoah. And Cyrus, Efa. xiv. 3. the God nity; of I/rael. And if only for Example's Sake spre I may be permitted to join profane things ear to to facred: Augustus Cafar was Virgit's and bea Lentulus Cicero's God, because he was the 1 and Author of his Restitution. After this man-Tiew, ner the Scripture calls Gods, whomfoever one the fupreme and eternal God hath adorn-Freek ed and exalted above others, by any parother ticular Favcur, Virtue or Privilege. Hence vhole the Pfalmist Pfal. Ixxxii. 6. I have faid ye ture, are Gods, and all of you are Children of the the most High; and Exod. xxii. 28. These are the not Gods by Nature, but by the Grace and and Gift of God; and therefore they are never and call'd by that Name of the Deity, which ed to belongs to the supreme God only; for such y. amongst the Hebrews, are named Gods and that Lords, Elobim and Adonai, by which the wer. Names of the Deity are properly distinperly guished; but the proper and fingular Name 10 IS Jehovah is never attributed to them, the Lord here something in the Manuscript from and id on which I have taken this Account is winting |: e Fa And therefore St. Paul begins all his Eit if piffles after this Manner; Grace and Peace alfo from God our Father, and our Lord Jesus ever Christ. But to make three Gods by Nature God equal, is the Mafter-piece of Blasphemy, over

and a curfed Impiety. We must ascri

Things to one, viz. to him, who Author of all Things, and who for his Pleasure created them; for he only by ture is of himself God; all the rest as Gods of themselves, they receive ar knowledge their Measure of the Goo from the one God the Father: From they are called Gods; for the suprem fovereign God is able to fanctify the tures, and fill them with the Divinity we can by no Means establish three by Nature equal, without fetting up fame Time three Creators or Almig and three Fathers; for the Name of fimply belongs to the Father only, of himfelf God, and who created all the and he alone is fimply and absolutely God. From what has been faid, 'tis to shew, how our Lord Jesus Christ true Son of God, is called God: For God the Father he receiveth the Pr tion of his Godhead, and from the God he is stiled the true God, the Go deed of all Creatures, but not the Fa God, to whom he hath subjected all the Moreover, the Father, who only by ture is God of himself, is neverthele Lord and God of the Son; which the declareth, John xiv. 28. I gounto my F for my Father is greater than I. John x

I ascend unto my Father, and your Father, and to my God, and your God. Matth. xxvii. 46. My God, my God, nby bast thou for saken me? Rev. iii. 12. I will write upon him the Name of my God, and the Name of the City of my God. Neither doth their Interpretation, who fay, that the Son spoke those Things as a Man, not as God, avail any Thing; to which we reply, That the Manner of the Deity, which the Son possesseth, agrees with him as a Man; for the Son is a Man made God, or filled with the Divinity; therefore the Superiority of the Father is not taken away by the Son; for although the Son is constituted by the Father our Lord, God and Head; yet the Father is still the Lord and God, and Head of the Son. 1. Cor. xi. 3. and the Son is subject to the Father, 1. Cor. xv. 28. and he is the Manager and Administrator of his Father's House, Heb. ii. 8. and therefore the Son, as our God, and our Head, hath admitted the Deity and Superiority of the Father over him. Hence the Prophet eloquently emplaining this twofold Manner of the Godhead of the Father and Son, faid to the Son, Pfal. xiv. 2, 6, 7. Thou art fairer than the Children of Men : Grace is poured into thy Lips; therefore, thy Throne, O God, is for ever and ever. The Sceptre of thy Kingdom is a right Sceptre. Thou lovest Righteousness, and hatest Wickedness: therefore God, thy God, bath anointed thee with the Oil of Gladness, above thy Fellows. See how David in Spirit calls the Son God, and the Father God of the Son; for thy Throne, O God, and hath anointtd thee, O God, are of the Vocative Case, and respect the Son; but thy God, which follows, is poken of God the Father, who did anoint and anctify the Son. Likewise Wisdom, which repreents the Son of God, cries out after this Manner,

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Ecclef. XXIV. 12. I took Root in an bonourable People, even in the Portion of the Lord's Inheritance.

Hence then it is manifest to every one that makes the Scripture his Rule, that the Son is God from the Father; and that, as God of all, constituted by the Father, he acknowledgeth the Divinity and Superiority of the Father over himself; tho' this Diffinction of divine Names is not found among the Greeks and Latins, and all are called by one common Name, God; yet by Nature, there is of himself but one eternal, most excellent, supreme, immortal; invisible, incomprehensible God dwelling in inaccessible Light, who created and governs all things, from whom all things are, and on whom all things depend. This is the Gold Gods, King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, Jehovah the Father, who alone, in the holy Scripture, simply and absolutefy stiled God and Father He is indeed the universal Father of all things, but in in a proper and more limited Sense the Father of our Lord Jelus Chrift, as St. Paul most ele gantly explains it; 1 Cor. viii. 5, 6. For the there be that are called Gods, whether in Heaven or in Earth (as there be Gods many, and Lord many) but to us there is but one God the for ther, of whom are all thing, and we in him, and one Lord Jefus Christ, by whom are all thing and we by bim. Hence it is evident, that the Creatures are adorn'd with the Name of the Deit yet 'tis by the Favour and Concession of the one Supreme God, who is God of Gods, the Chief and Father of all, who is above all, and thro' a., and in you all, Eph. iv. 6. &c.

F LANSI S.

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